

Flo-Set™

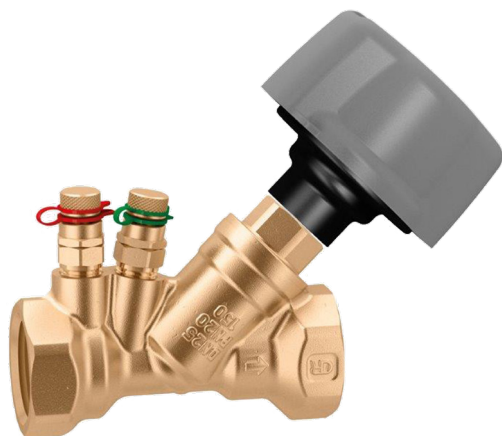
Balancing valve, fixed orifice

130 series



01251/22 NA

Replaces 01251/14 NA



NSF/ANSI/CAN 372

Function

Caleffi Flo-Set™ 130 series low-lead brass manual balancing valves are used to measure and adjust the fluid flow rate in hydronic or plumbing circuits. The flow rate is directly determined from the pressure differential (from Venturi effect) measured across the two test ports. The valve design is "fixed orifice" with both pressure ports located upstream of adjustment plug and away from any pressure variations from turbulence as flow passes the adjustment plug – this feature makes pressure measurements and thus flow determination simpler and more accurate compared to "variable orifice" type balancing valves. Flow rate is calculated by simple formula or by easy reference to flow characteristic graph. Memory stop feature allows valve to be closed, and later reopened to the original set position. Teflon stem bearing guide prevents noise and vibration. The control stem threads remain dry at all times, and thus are not prone to seizing from scale after long in-operation periods. Stainless steel plug is highly resistant to erosion from fluid impurities.

The valve is ICC-ES certified and listed to NSF/ANSI/CAN 372, low lead laws for use in accordance with the US and Canadian plumbing codes.

Caleffi NA108 series full-port FNPT x FNPT ball valves are available for isolation, separately purchased with close nipples for field installation on NPT female Flo-Set 130 series models.

Add this innovative plumbing/hydronic solution to your specs for more professional, reliable installations.

Product range

130 series Fixed orifice balancing valve sizes 1/2", 3/4", 1", 1 1/4", 1 1/2", and 2" NPT female

Technical specifications

Materials

Valve

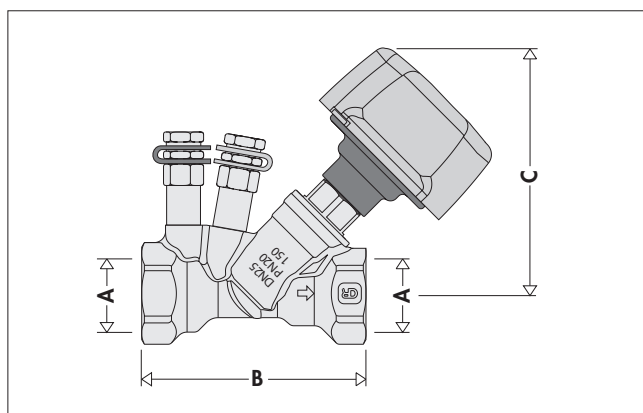
Body:	DZR low-lead brass
Bonnet:	DZR low-lead brass
Control stem:	DZR low-lead brass
Valve plug:	stainless steel
Seal seat:	brass
Hydraulic seals:	peroxide-cured EPDM
Stem guide bearing:	PTFE
Adjustment knob:	PA6G30
Pressure test ports:	DZR low-lead brass body, EPDM seal elements

Complies with NSF/ANSI 372, Drinking Water System Components-Lead Content Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act, California Health and Safety Code 116875 S.3874, Reduction in Drinking Water Act, Vermont Act 193 - The Lead in Plumbing Supplies Law and Maryland's Lead Free Law HB.372, as certified by ICC-ES, file PMG-1360.

Performance

Suitable Fluids:	water, glycol solutions
Max. percentage of glycol:	50%
Max. working pressure:	232 psi (16 bar)
Working temperature range:	-4 - 250°F (-20–120°C)
Accuracy:	±10%
Number of adjustment turns:	6
Threaded connections:	1/2"– 2" FNPT

Dimensions

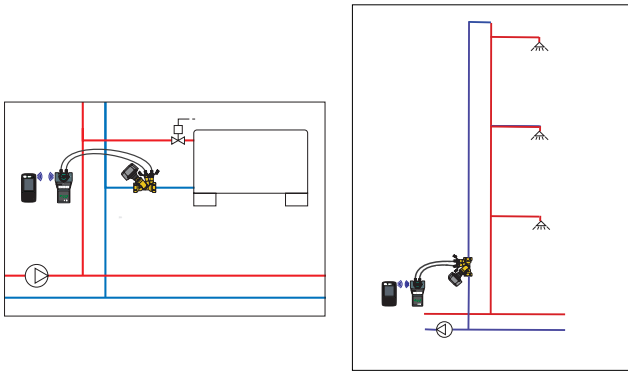


Code	A	B	C	Wt (lb)
130400A	1/2"	3"	4"	1
130500A	3/4"	3 1/4"	4"	1.2
130600A	1"	3 3/4"	4 1/4"	1.5
130700A	1 1/4"	4 1/2"	4 1/2"	2
130800A	1 1/2"	5"	4 3/4"	2.3
130900A	2"	6"	5 1/4"	2.5

Advantages of balanced circuits

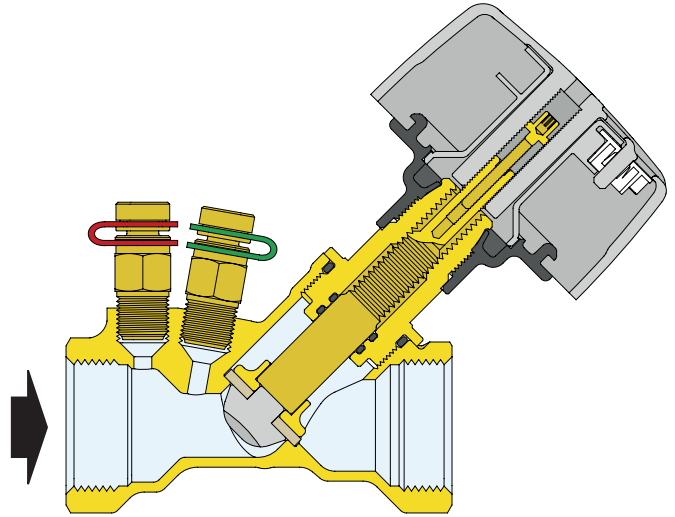
Balanced circuits have the following principal benefits:

1. In hydronic applications, the system emitters operate properly saving energy and providing greater comfort.
2. In plumbing applications such as hot water recirculation, water is not wasted when there is a call for hot water from a fixture.
3. Circuit pumps operate at maximum efficiency, reducing the risk of overheating and excessive wear.
4. High fluid velocities which can result in noise, erosion and abrasion are avoided.
5. The differential pressures acting on the circuit control valves are reduced preventing faulty operation.



Operating principle

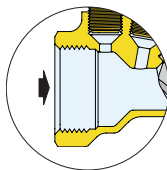
The 130 series balancing valve is a hydraulic device that controls the flow rate of a fluid. Turning the knob moves a plug within the fluid stream which varies the flow rate. The flow rate is determined according to the pressure drop value measured by a differential pressure meter connected to the pressure test ports.



Construction details

Venturi flow rate measurement device

As shown in the figure below, the 130 series balancing valve contains two closely spaced pressure test ports located upstream of the valve plug and at different cross sectional areas. As fluid flows through the valve, the velocity at the port closest to the plug is greater than the velocity at the port furthest. The result, referred to as the Venturi effect, is an induced pressure differential across the ports.

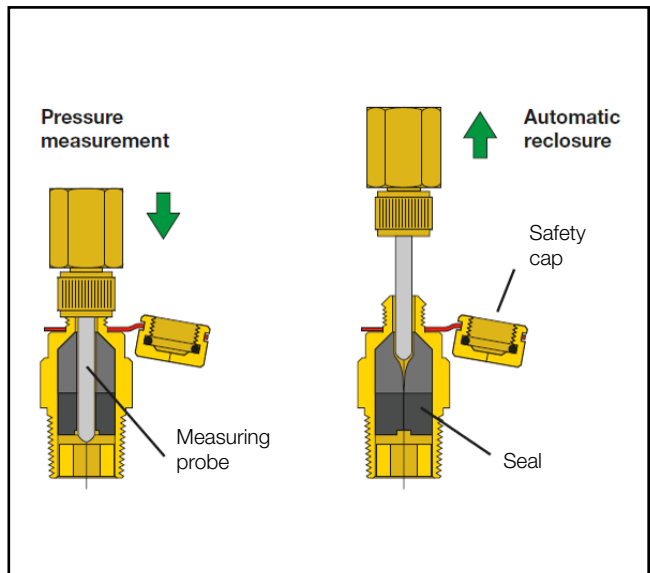


Benefits:

1. Compared to variable orifice balancing valves, system balancing can be quicker. In variable orifice balancing valves, one pressure test port is located upstream and one downstream from the adjustment plug, so as the valve is adjusted, the flow coefficient of the orifice between the ports changes. Resultantly, to determine the flow rate, an added step of visually estimating the orifice C_v is required and introduces a factor of interpretation error in the balancing process leading to potentially less precise results.
2. With variable orifice balancing valves, in low flow applications requiring the valve to be closed more than 75% of full open, downstream turbulence can cause an unstable pressure reading signal which can result in measurement error. This effect is more pronounced if fluid impurities are present. With the 130 balancing valve with both ports upstream of the plug and away from turbulence effects, there is better pressure signal stability and thus less chance for pressure measurement error. There is also less sensitivity in the presence of fluid impurities.

Fast-coupling pressure test ports

The 130 series balancing valve has as standard probe type, fast-coupling pressure test ports. The probe from the differential pressure meter is inserted into the port packing, until the end of the probe enters the system. When the measuring probe is pulled out, the test port automatically closes, preventing fluid leakage. Care should be taken to pull the probe out slowly so as to allow adequate time for the packing to re-seal – otherwise fluid can quickly escape creating a hazardous situation. Consult differential pressure meter manufacturer instructions for proper use of instrument and pressure port couplings.

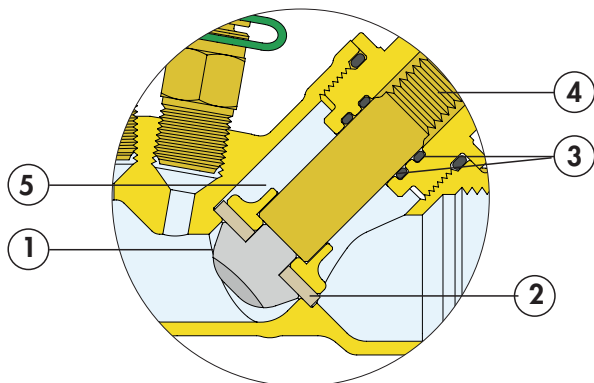


Stainless steel valve plug (1)

High resistance to corrosion and erosion due to continual water flow or impurities in fluid.

Teflon stem guide bearing (2)

Prevents noise and vibration - particularly in severe operating conditions.



Double internal o-rings

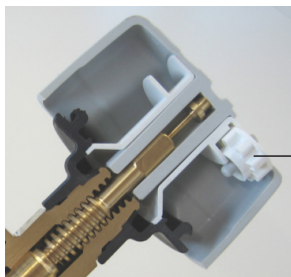
Double O-rings (3) prevent water from coming in contact with the screw thread (4), which allows the rod (5) to fine-tune the calibrated valve plug position (1). In addition, the resulting dry control stem thread prevents seizing from scale after long in-operation periods.

Adjustment knob

The shape of the knob is designed to ensure maximum comfort for the operator and an accurate adjustment. 6 full turns of rotation with 10 decimal graduations per rotation allows for precise valve adjustment. Shades of the scale indicator are large and clear allowing for easy, accurate reading. The knob is made of a reinforced high strength corrosion-resistant polymer.

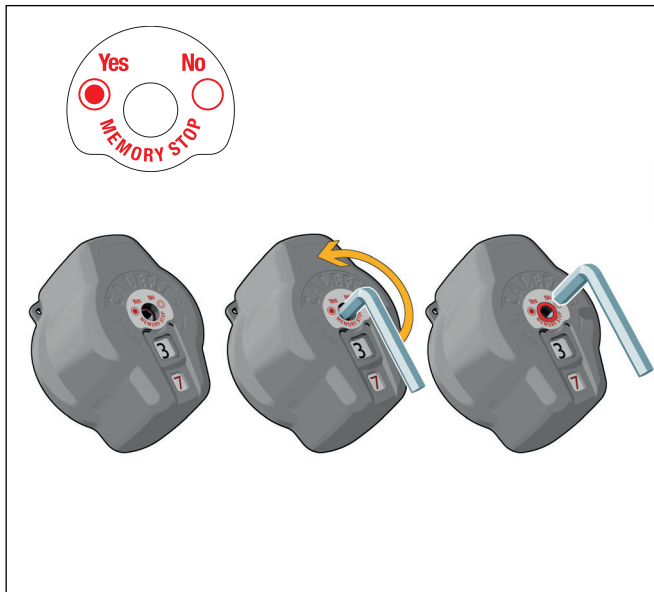
Adjustment reference scale

Each 360° rotation of the knob moves the turn indicator by one position, ranging from 0 (valve closed) to 6 (valve fully open). A geared drive (6) allows for decimal graduations of the scale situated around the knob itself letting the flow rate to be finely tuned.



Memory stop

The 130 series balancing valve features a memory stop that allows the valve to be reopened to the initial position if it has been closed for any reason such as isolating components in the balanced circuit. Locking the position to be memorized requires the use of a 2.5 mm hex key.



Insulation shells

The 130 series balancing valve can be supplied with optional insulation shells, code CBN130xxxx series purchased separately, to minimize heat loss or eliminate condensation in chilled water applications.

Code	Size
CBN130400A	Fits 1/2"
CBN130500A	Fits 3/4"
CBN130600A	Fits 1"
CBN130700A	Fits 1 1/4"
CBN130800A	Fits 1 1/2"
CBN130900A	Fits 2"



USING AND SETTING THE BALANCING VALVE

Measuring the flow rate

Connect a differential pressure gauge to the pressure test ports of the venturi of the valve. Read the Δp value on the gauge. Knowing this differential pressure value and the flow coefficient of the Venturi orifice (which remains constant as valve knob is adjusted), the flow rate can be determined by either referencing the flow characteristic chart in the figure below or by using the formula:

$$G = C_v \times \sqrt{\frac{\Delta p}{SG}}$$

where G is flow rate in gpm, C_v is the flow coefficient of the Venturi orifice, Δp is the pressure differential in psi, and SG is the specific gravity of the fluid. For example, let's assume water is the fluid medium and the balancing valve used is item 130500A (3/4"). We see from the Venturi chart the C_v value is 6.4. The specific gravity of water is 1.0. If the measured pressure differential is 0.3 psi, we can determine the flow rate G by substituting the values into the above formula: $G = 6.4 \sqrt{(0.3/1.0)} = 3.5$ gpm. Alternatively, using the Venturi chart below, if we plot where the 0.3 psi value intersects the 3/4" graph, and drop a line vertically to where it intersects the gpm axis, we can estimate the value to be 3.5 gpm.

Setting the flow rate manually

To manually adjust the flow rate through the valve, reposition the adjustment knob until the differential pressure indicated by the measuring device corresponds to the desired flow rate value on the Venturi chart for the valve being used. Or, calculate the pressure drop of the venturi using the following:

$$\Delta p_{\text{Venturi}} = \frac{G^2}{C_v^2}$$

Next, turn the adjustment knob until the theoretical Δp value calculated using the formula above is reached.

Correcting for fluids with a different density

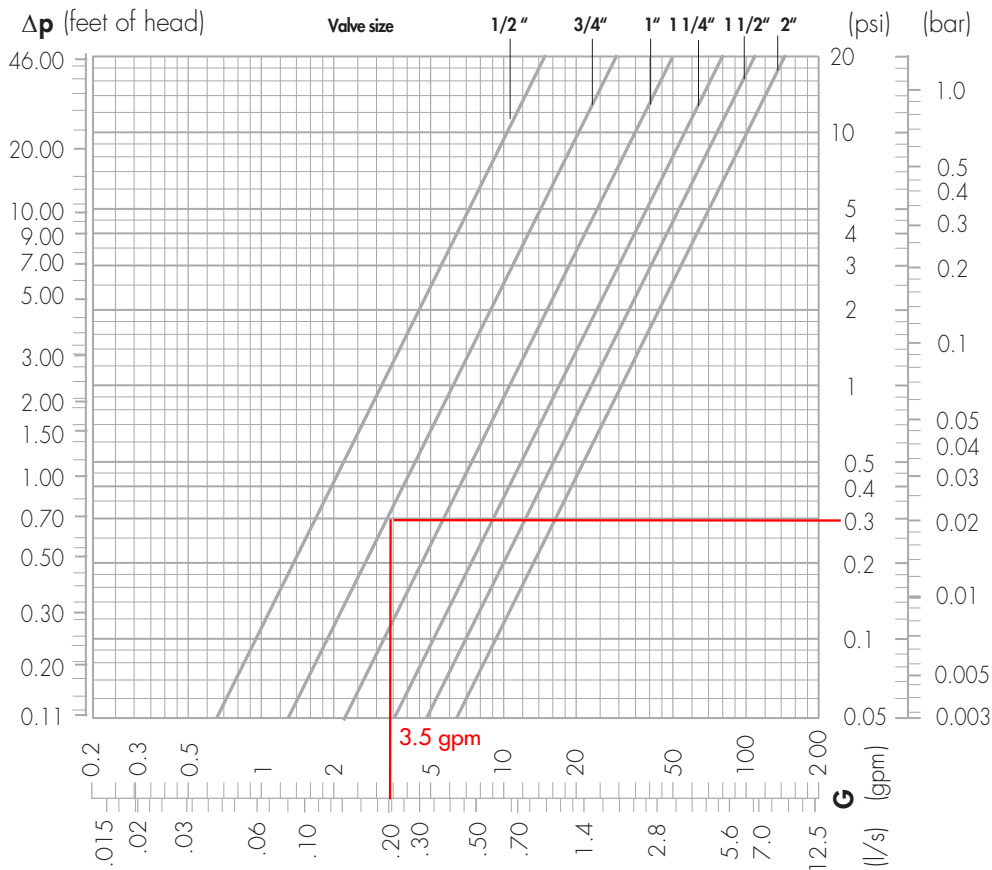
This applies to fluids with viscosities of water and glycol mixtures or less. If using fluids with a specific gravity different from water at 70° F (20° C) (SG=1.0), correct the value of the pressure drop Δp measured using the following formula:

$$\Delta p' = \Delta p \times (SG')$$

where: $\Delta p'$ = reference pressure drop in psid (kPa) and SG' = non-water specific gravity.

Example: 50% propylene glycol has a specific gravity of 1.0366 at 70° F (20° C). To measure a flow rate of 3.5 gpm across the fixed venturi for a fluid with SG=1.0366, the pressure to read on the differential pressure metering device is calculated as $\Delta p' = 0.3 \times (1.0366) = 0.3108$ psid.

Venturi chart (water)

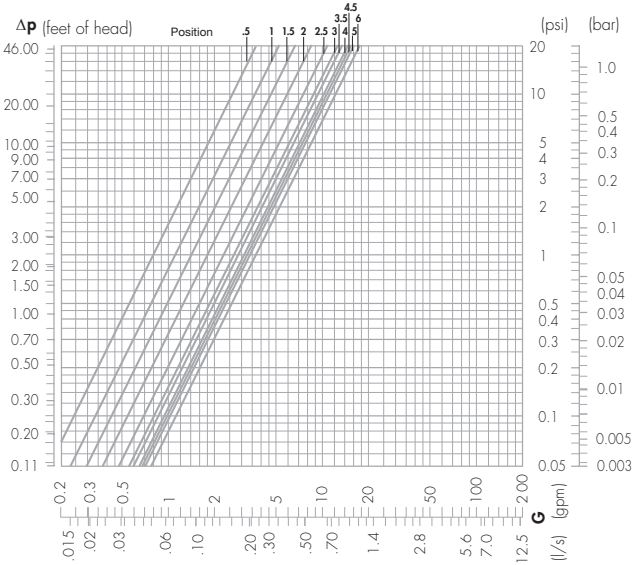


USING AND SETTING THE BALANCING VALVE

Presetting

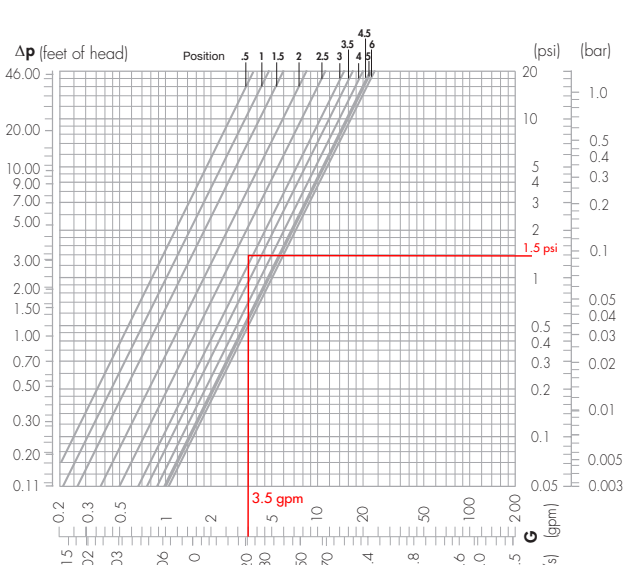
The 130 series balancing valve features highly graduated adjustment which facilitates pre-setting. In commercial balancing applications where multiple balancing valves are used, significant labor time can be saved in the balancing process if in advance of being installed, the valves are pre-set to the expected knob position value. To pre-set, the anticipated pressure drop across the valve is required. For example, if balancing valve item 130500A (3/4"), water is the fluid, and it has been calculated that a pressure drop of 1.5 psi across the valve will result in a flow rate of 3.5 gpm in the circuit, we can see from the chart below that the knob value should be preset to a value between 2.5 and 3.0 with interpolation indicating approximately position 2.9.

Code 130400A 1/2 inch



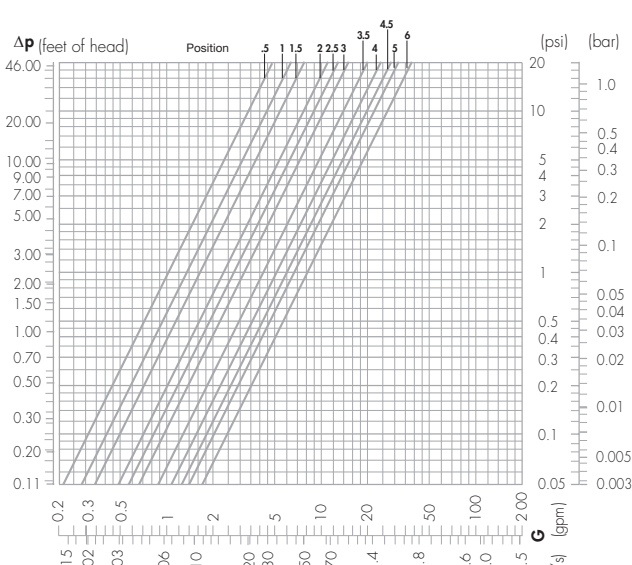
	Position										Cv
Size 1/2"	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	6
Cv	.76	1.03	1.24	1.6	2.28	2.7	3.0	3.24	3.43	3.55	3.68

Code 130500A 3/4 inch



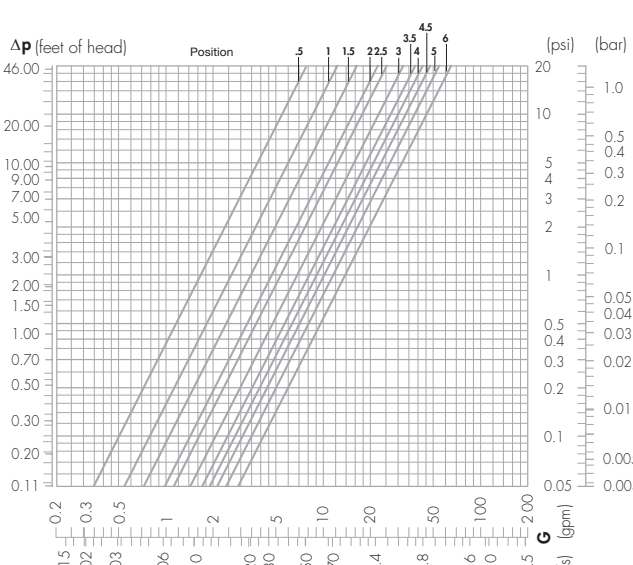
	Position										Cv
Size 3/4"	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	6
Cv	.85	1.1	1.32	1.83	2.53	3.23	3.85	4.33	4.6	4.82	5.19

Code 130600A 1 inch



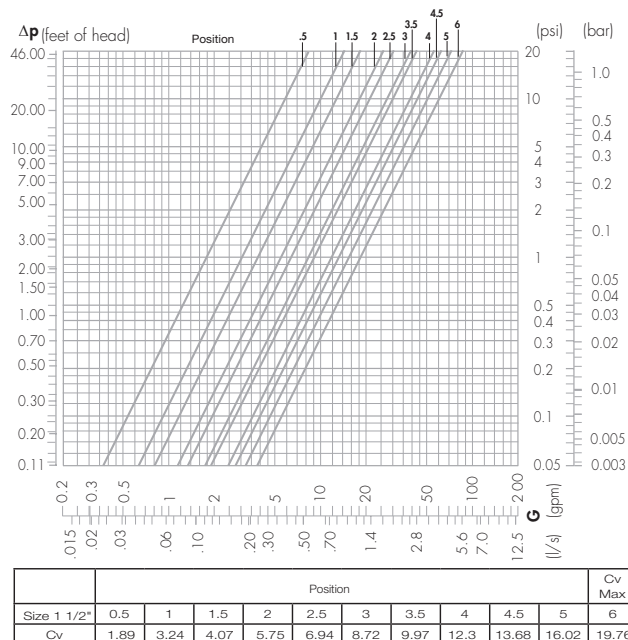
	Position										Cv
Size 1"	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	6
Cv	1.08	1.38	1.76	2.4	3.0	3.83	4.5	5.36	6.15	7.1	8.87

Code 130700A 1 1/4 inch



	Position										Cv
Size 1 1/4"	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	6
Cv	1.76	2.87	3.7	4.9	5.7	7.24	8.31	9.62	10.65	12.06	14.07

Code 130800A 1 1/2 inch



Accessories

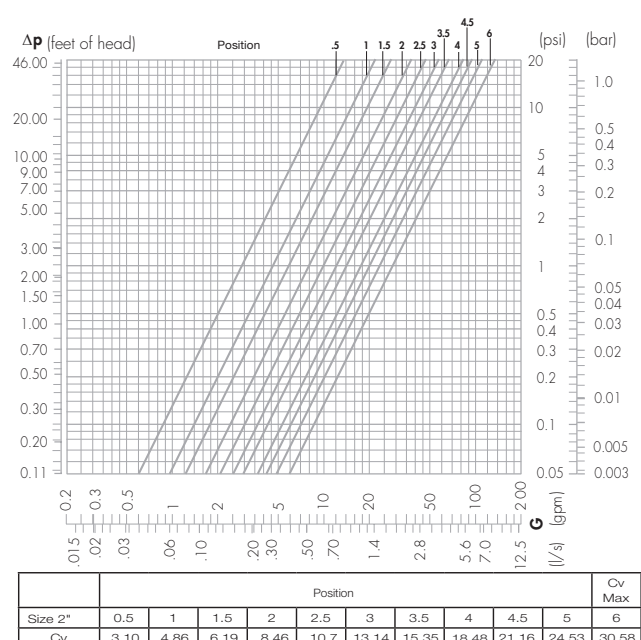
Isolation ball valves

The NA108 series low-lead brass full-port ball valves are designed for isolating QuickSetter balancing valves with the 1/2" through 2" NPT female connections. The isolation valve easily installs in the inlet and outlet sides of the valve body using a close nipple. The NA108 series have an extended stem which allows operation if the valve body gets insulated. There is no need to purchase an expensive separate stem extension which then has to be field-installed between the valve body and handle. The valve features a blowout proof stem, PTFE seats, double o-ring stem seals, lead free brass ball and stem, and polyamide thermal plastic T- handle.

The following codes can be ordered separately for field installation with separately sourced low-lead close nipples.

Code	Description
NA10824	1/2" FNPT
NA10825	3/4" FNPT
NA10826	1" FNPT
NA10827	1 1/4" FNPT
NA10828	1 1/2" FNPT
NA10829	2" FNPT

Code 130900A 2 inch



Technical specifications of ball valve

Materials

Body and end connection:

high tensile strength forged low-lead brass C28500

Ball and stem:

low-lead brass C28500

Stem nut:

steel (CL04)

Seats (2):

PTFE

90° stop:

hot rolled steel (DD11)

O-ring stem seals (2):

nitrile butadiene rubber (NBR) & fluoro-elastomer (FKM)

Thrust washer and packing ring:

PTFE

Black T-handle:

polyamide thermal plastic (PA6.6)

Handle top cap:

acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS)

Performance

Suitable Fluids:

water, glycol solutions

Max. percentage of glycol:

50%

Pressure rating:

600 WOG-150WSP

Working temperature range:

-4 – 366°F (-20 – 186°C)

Shutoff performance:

bubble tight

Connections:

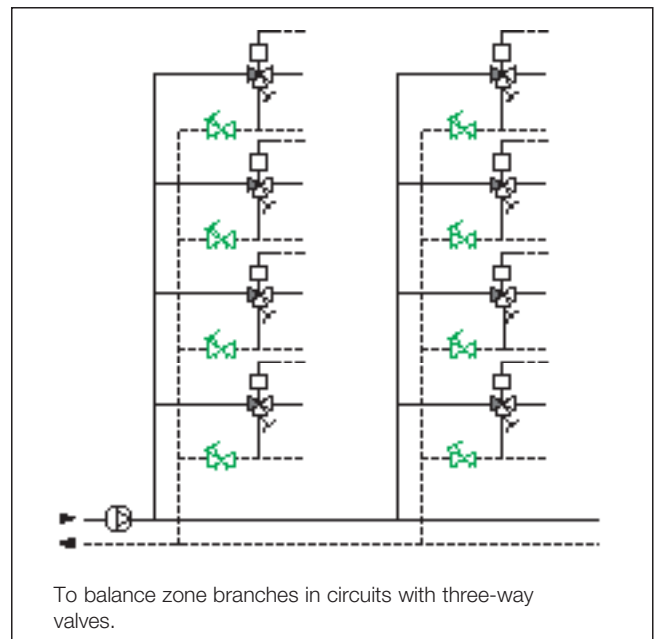
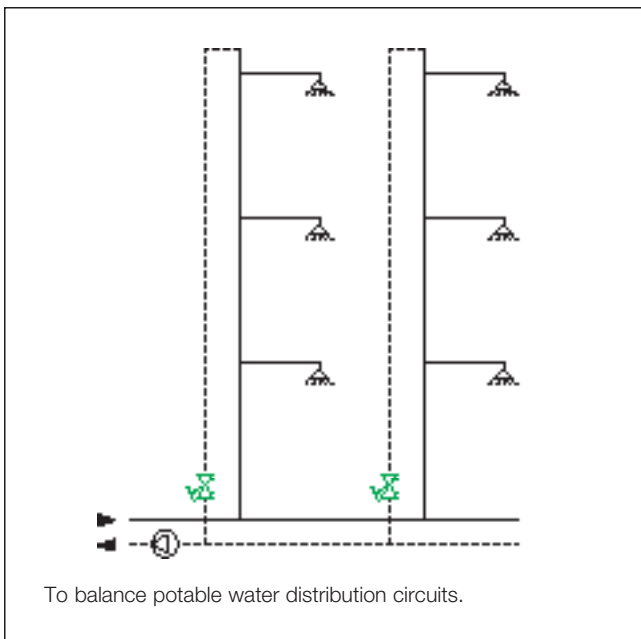
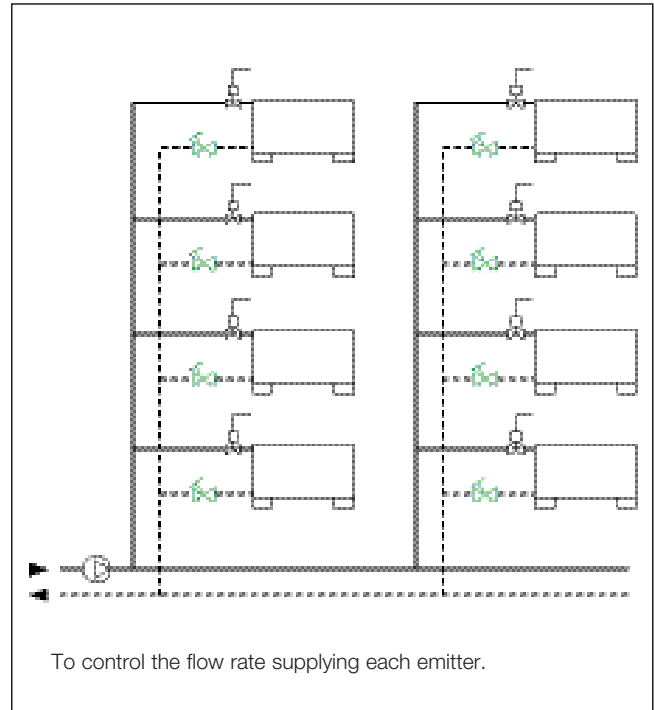
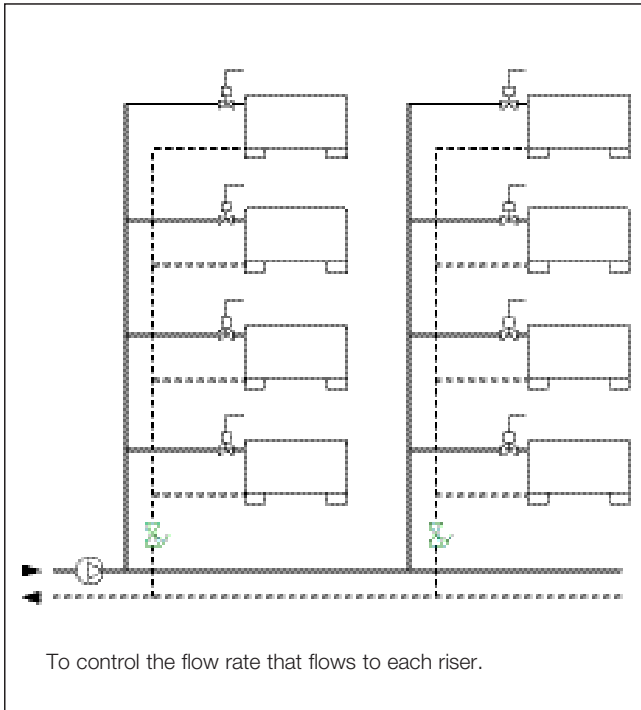
Main connections: 1/2", 3/4", 1", 1-1/4", 1-1/2" & 2" NPT female inlet and outlet

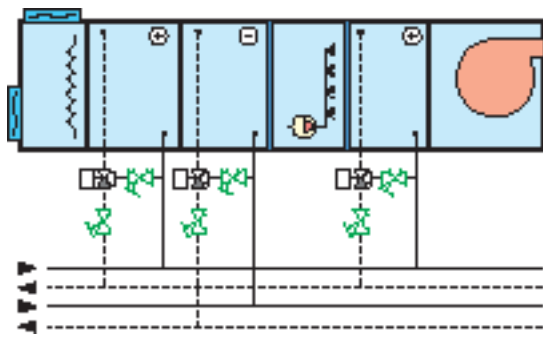
Close nipples

The NA108 series full-port ball valves, designed for isolating QuickSetter balancing valves, easily installs in the inlet and outlet sides of the valve body using a close nipple. The following codes can be ordered separately for field installation with separately sourced NA108 series ball valves.

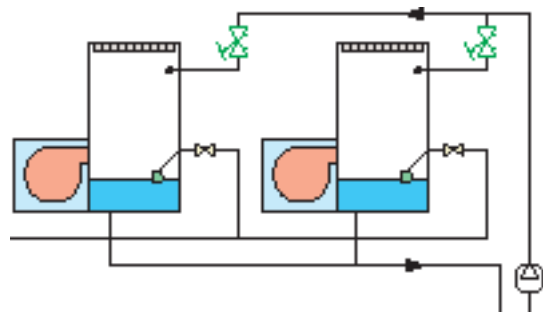
Code	Description
NA10834	1/2" NPT nipple
NA10835	3/4" NPT nipple
NA10836	1" NPT nipple
NA10837	1 1/4" NPT nipple
NA10838	1 1/2" NPT nipple
NA10839	2" NPT nipple

Application diagrams

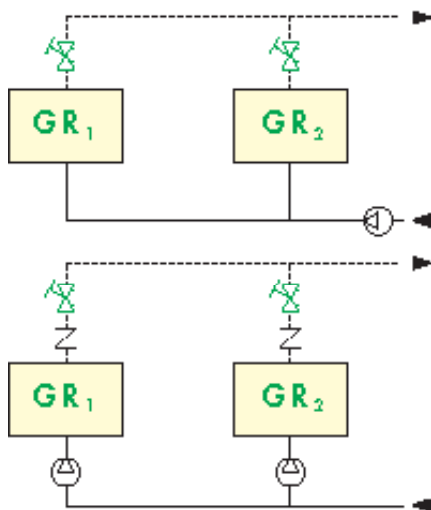




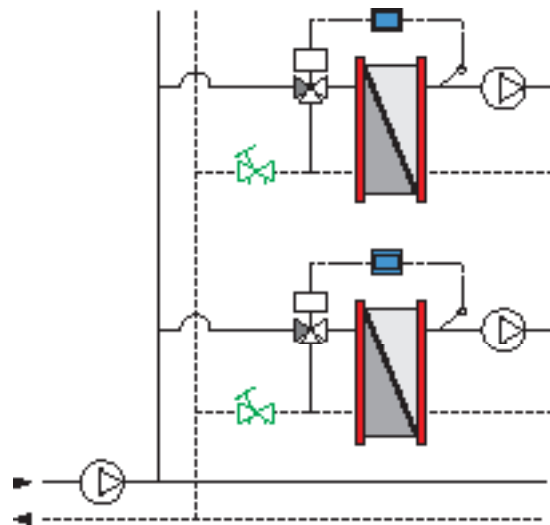
To balance circuits that supply the coils of air handling units.



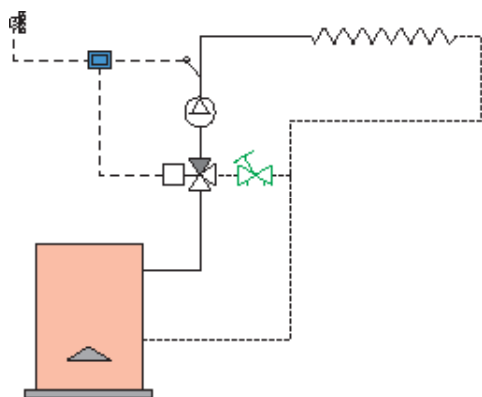
To balance circuits that supply cooling towers.



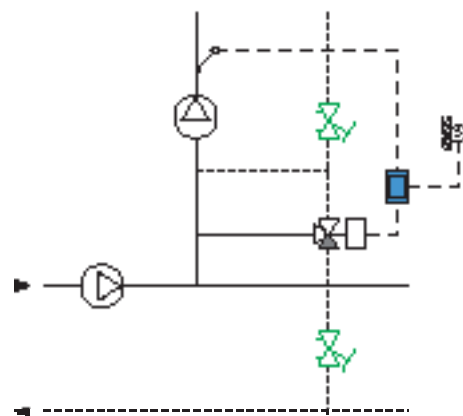
To balance circuits that supply cooling unit evaporators or condensers.



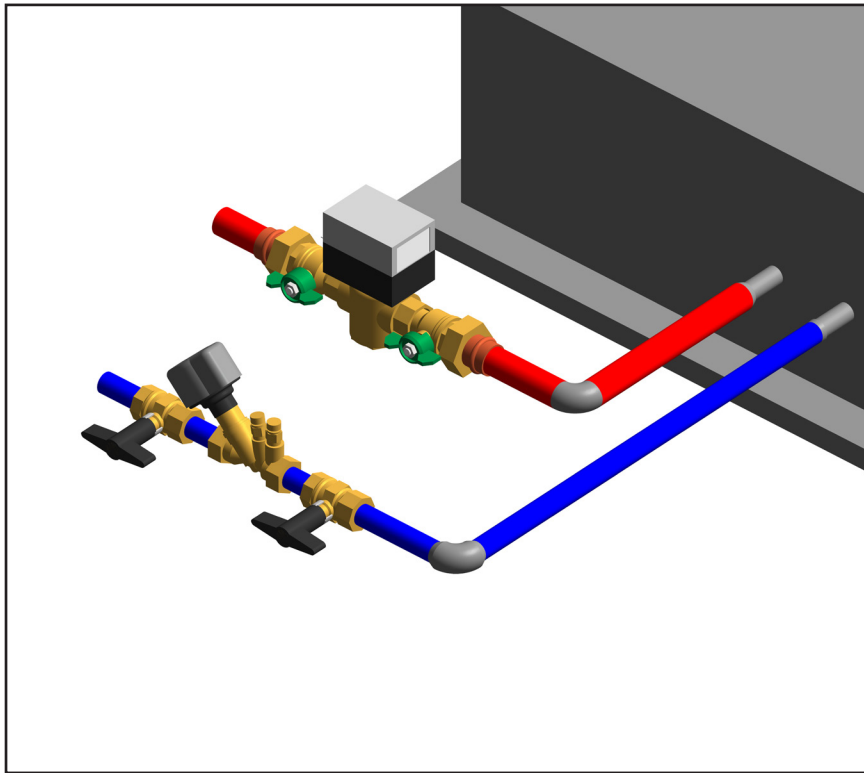
To balance the various substations in district heating systems.



To balance the by-pass line in circuits for temperature control.



To balance primary/secondary coupled circuits.



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SPECIFICATION SUMMARIES

Flo-Set™ 130 series

Balancing valve with fixed (venturi) orifice. Threaded connections 1/2", 3/4", 1", 1-1/4", 1-1/2", 2" NPT Female by Female. DZR low-lead brass body, bonnet and control stem (< 0.25% lead content) certified and listed by ICC-ES to NSF/ANSI/CAN 372. Stainless steel valve plug. PTFE stem guide bearing. Brass seal seat. peroxide-cured EPDM hydraulic seals. PA6G30 adjusting knob with memory stop. Pressure test ports with DZR low-lead brass body and EPDM seal elements. Water and glycol solutions. Maximum percentage of glycol 50%. Maximum working pressure 232 psi (16 bar). Working temperature range -4 to 250 deg F (-20 to 120°C). Number of adjustment turns: 6. Accuracy $\pm 10\%$. Pre-formed insulation shells available for field installation. Provide with optional inlet and outlet low-lead brass full-port ball valves, NPT female x NPT female, for isolation, separately-sourced, Code NA108 series, with separately-sourced low-lead close nipples.

We reserve the right to change our products and their relevant technical data, contained in this publication, at any time and without prior notice.



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