MixCal[™] Adjustable three-way thermostatic mixing valve

521 series



2:1

1/2"-1"



Function

The Caleffi MixCal™ three-way thermostatic mixing valve is used in systems producing domestic hot water or in hydronic and radiant heating systems. It maintains the desired output temperature of the mixed water supplied to the user at a constant set value compensating for both temperature and pressure fluctuations of the incoming hot and cold water. The MixCal™ is fail cold: for any failure of cold or hot inlets or valve function, the hot water port closes.

The valve has been specifically certified to ASSE 1017 and Lead Plumbing Law Certified by IAPMO R&T.



Max. inlet pressure ratio (H/C or C/H):

Minimum temperature difference hetween

sweat union:



Product range

521A series	Adjustable thee-way thermostatic mixing valve connections 1/2", 3/4", 1" NPT male union and sweat union
521AC series	Adjustable three-way thermostatic mixing valve with inlet port check valves
521591A, (AC) series	Adjustable three-way thermostatic mixing valve, outlet temperature gauge (inlet port check valves)
521619A, (AC) series	Adjustable three-way thermostatic mixing valve, outlet temperature gauge (inlet port check valves)

Technical specifications

Max. working pressure (dynamic):

Max. hot water inlet temperature:

- chutter seats and slide quides.

Materials - body:

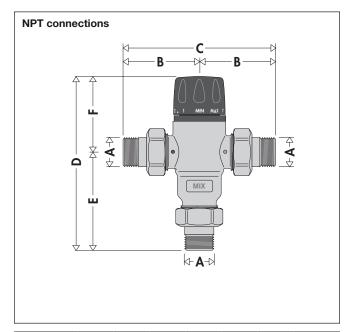
- Shutter, seats and since guides.	110	Millimatti temperature dinerence between	
- springs:	Stainless steel	hot water inlet and mixed water outlet	
- seals:	EPDM	for optimum performance:	27°F (15°C)
Performance		Minimum flow to ensure optimal performance:	1.3 gpm (5 L/min)
Suitable fluids:	water, glycol solution	Certified to:	ASSE 1017
Max. percentage of glycol:	30%	Lead Plumbing Law* Compliance:	(0.25% Max. weighted
Setting range:	85-150°F (30-65°C)		average lead content)
Tolerance:	±3°F (±2°C)	*Lead Plumbing Law Certified by IAPMO R&T	
Max. working pressure (static):	200 psi (14 bar)	Connections - NPT male union:	1/2"-1"

70 psi (5 bar)

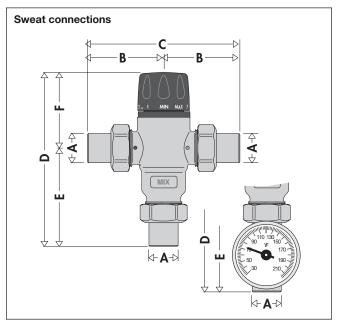
200°F (93°C)

low-lead brass (<0.25% Lead content)

Dimensions



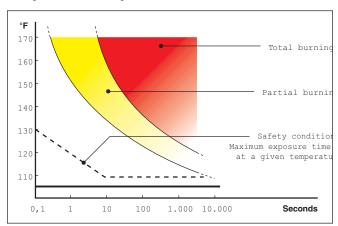
Code	Α	В	С	D	E	F	Wt. (lb.)
521 400A	1/2"	25/8"	51/4"	5 ¹⁵ / ₁₆ "	3%"	2%16"	3.0
521 400AC	1/2"	2%"	51/4"	5 ¹⁵ / ₁₆ "	3%"	2%16"	3.0
521 500A	3/4"	25/8"	51/4"	5 ¹⁵ / ₁₆ "	3%"	2%16"	3.0
521 500AC	3/4"	3"	6"	5 ¹⁵ / ₁₆ "	3%"	2%16"	3.0
521 600A	1"	21/8"	5¾"	61/4"	311/16"	2%16"	3.0
521 600AC	1"	31/16"	61/8"	61/4"	311/16"	2%16"	3.0



Code	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Wt. (lb.)
521 409A	1/2"	21/4"	41/2"	5%"	31/16"	2%16"	3.0
521 409AC	1/2"	21/8"	5¾"	5%"	31/16"	2%16"	3.0
521 509A	3/4"	21/2"	5"	513/16"	31/4"	2%16"	3.0
521 519A*	3/4"	21/2"	5"	713/16"	45/8"	2%16"	3.0
521 509AC	3/4"	31/16"	61/8"	513/16"	31/4"	2%16"	3.0
521 519AC*	3/4"	31/16"	61/8"	713/16"	45/8"	2%16"	3.0
521 609A	1"	31/16"	61/8"	67/16"	37/8"	2%16"	3.0
521 619A*	1"	31/16"	61/8"	713/16"	51/4"	2%16"	3.0
521 609AC	1"	31/4"	6½"	67/16"	37/8"	2%16"	3.0
521 619AC*	1"	31/4"	6½"	713/16"	51/4"	2%16"	3.0

^{*}Model with integral outlet temperature gauge

Temperature - exposure time



Legionella-scalding risk

In systems producing domestic hot water with storage, in order to avoid the dangerous infection known as Legionella, the hot water must be stored at a temperature of at least 140°F. At this temperature it is certain that the growth of the bacteria causing this infection will be totally eliminated. At this temperature, however, the water cannot be used directly.

As shown on the diagram opposite, temperatures of more than 120°F can cause burning very quickly. For example, at 130°F partial burning will occurr in approximately 30 seconds, while at 140°F partial burning will occurr in approximately 5 seconds. The time may be reduced by 50 percent or more for children and elderly people.

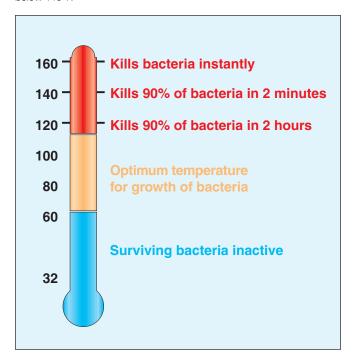
In view of the above, it is necessary to install a thermostatic mixing valve which can:

- reduce the temperature at the point of use to a value lower than that of storage and suitable for sanitary users. For safety reasons, it is advisable to limit the mixed water temperature to 120°F;
- maintain the temperature constant when the incoming pressure and temperature conditions vary.

Thermal disinfection

The diagram shows the behaviour of the **bacteria Legionella** Pneumophila when the temperature conditions of the water in which it is contained vary.

In order to ensure proper thermal "disinfection", the values must not be below 140°F.



Operating principle

The controlling element of the three-way thermostatic mixing valve is a thermostatic sensor fully immersed in the mixed water outlet tube which, as it expands or contracts, continuously establishes the correct proportion of hot and cold water entering the valve. The regulation of these flows is by means of a piston sliding in a cylinder between the hot and cold water passages. Even when there are pressure drops due to the drawing off of hot or cold water for other uses, or variations in the incoming temperature, the thermostatic mixing valve automatically regulates the water flow to obtain the required temperature.

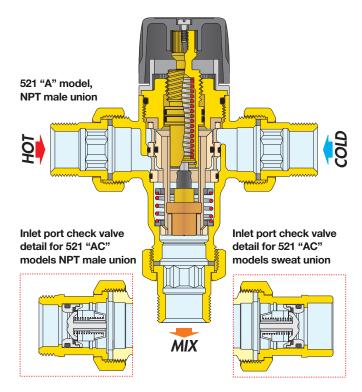
Construction details

Anti-scale materials

The material used in the construction of the thermostatic mixing valve eliminates the problem of jamming caused by lime deposits. All the working parts such as shutter, seats and slide guides are made of a special anti-scale material, with a low friction coefficient, guaranteeing that the performance will be maintained over the long term.

Temperature setting and locking

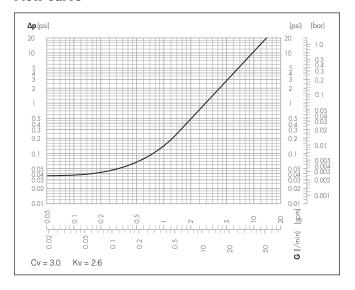
The control knob permits temperature setting between minimum and maximum in one turn (360°). It also has a tamper-proof system to lock the temperature at the set value.



Item Description		1/2	inch	3/4	inch	1 inch					
	Item quantity per valve	NPT	Sweat	NPT	Sweat	NPT	Sweat				
		521400A, AC	521409A, AC	521500A, AC	521509A, AC 521519A, AC	521600A, AC	521609A, AC 521619A, AC				
Union washer	3		R50055								
Union nut 1"	3			R61	008						
Male tailpieces	3	R31981	NA10002	31901A	NA10003 (2 only – "519")	59817A*	59834A* (2 only – "619")				
Inlet male tailpiece with check valve – "AC" models only	2	59893A	59904A	59840A	59905A	59894A	59906A				
Outlet tailpiece – "AC" models only	1	R31981	NA10002	31901A	NA10003	59817A*	59834A*				
Outlet adapter with temperature gauge	1	_	_	_	NA10056	_	NA10058				
Replacement temperature gauge	1	_	_	_	688003A	_	688003A				

^{*}Tailpiece fitting with integral union nut. 1" NPT and Sweat models require only two separate 1" union nuts (R61008).

Flow curve



Use

Caleffi MixCal™ 521 series thermostatic mixing valves are designed to be installed at the hot water heater. The Caleffi 521 series valve cannot be used for tempering water temperature at fixtures as a point-of-use valve. They are not designed to provide scald protection or chill protection service. They should not be used where ASSE 1070 devices are required. Wherever a scald protection feature is required, Caleffi 5213 series high performance mixing valves need to be installed. For safety reasons, it is advisable to limit the maximum mixed water temperature to 120°F.

Instantaneous production of hot water

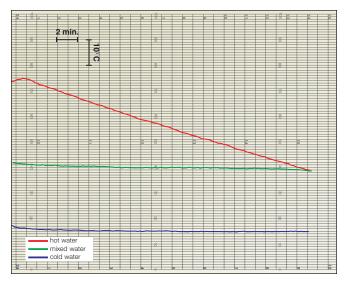
Caleffi MixCal™ 521 series thermostatic mixing valves should not be used in conjunction with boilers giving instantaneous production of domestic hot water. Their addition would compromise the correct operation of the boiler itself.

Radiant panel heating systems

Caleffi MixCal $^{\text{m}}$ 521 series thermostatic mixing valves can also be used for regulating the flow temperature in hydronic and radiant heating systems, to which it assures a constant and accurate control with ease of installation.

Temperature stability

The diagram shows the stability of the temperature of the mixed water on variation of the temperature of the stored water.



Installation

Before installing a Caleffi MixCal™ 521 series three-way thermostatic mixing valve, the system must be inspected to ensure that its operating conditions are within the range of the mixing valve, checking, for example, the supply temperature, supply pressure, etc.

Systems where the Caleffi 521 series thermostatic mixing valve is to be fitted must be drained and cleaned out to remove any dirt or debris which may have accumulated during installation.

The installation of filters of appropriate capacity at the inlet of the water from the mains supply is always advisable.

Caleffi 521 series thermostatic mixing valves must be installed by qualified personnel in accordance with the diagrams in this brochure, taking into account all current applicable standards.

Caleffi 521 series thermostatic mixing valves can be installed in any position, either vertical or horizontal, or upside down.

The following are shown on the thermostatic mixing valve body:

- Hot water inlet, color red and marked "HOT".
- Cold water inlet, color blue and marked "COLD".
- Mixed water outlet, marked "MIX".

Check valves

In order to prevent undesirable backsiphonage, check valves should be installed in systems with thermostatic mixing valves. As a convenience for easier installations, the Caleffi 521 "AC" series thermostatic mixing valves include integral check valves in the hot and cold inlet ports.

Commissioning

In view of the special purpose of the thermostatic mixing valve, it must be commissioned in accordance with current standards by qualified personnel using temperature measuring equipment. Caleffi 521519A and 521619A with integral outlet port temperature gauges provide a time-saving temperature setting process to get close to the desired temperature. Use of a digital thermometer is recommended for determing the final setting of the mixed water temperature. Note: For MixCal™ models purchased without the outlet temperature gauge, the temperature gauge adapter with temperature gauge can be separately purchased and field installed, code NA10056 for 3/4" models or code NA10058 for 1" models.

Temperature adjustment

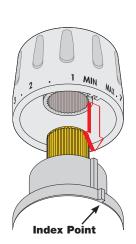
The temperature is set to the required value by means of the knob with the graduated scale, on the top of the valve.

Pos.	Min.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Max.
T (°F)	81	90	100	111	120	127	136	145	152
T (°C)	27	32	38	44	49	53	58	63	67

with: $T_{HOT} = 155$ °F (68°C), with: $T_{cold} = 55$ °F (13°C), P = 43 psi (13 bar)

Locking the setting

Position the handle to the number required with respect to the index point. Unscrew the head screw, pull off the handle and reposition it so that the handle fits into the internal slot of the knob. Tighten the head screw.



Recirculation with point-of-distribution thermostatic mixing valves

For domestic recirculating water systems that include a single ASSE 1017 point-of-distribution thermostatic mixing valve, such as the Caleffi MixCal™ 521 series, the piping installation below is recommended.

In any recirculating hot water distribution system there will be times when the circulator is operating, but no hot water is being drawn at the fixtures. Under this condition, heat continually dissipates from the piping forming the recirculation loop. If the loop is relatively short, and well insulated, the rate of heat loss should be very small. If the loop is long, and uninsulated, the rate of heat loss could be substantially greater.

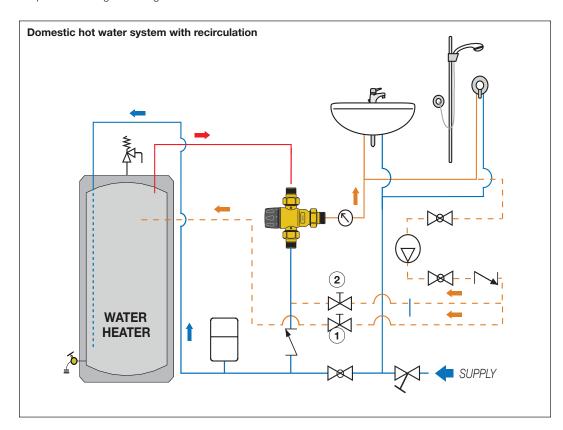
To maintain the recirculating water at the desired delivery temperature the heat lost from the loop must be replaced. This requires some water flow between the loop and the hot water source. Ideally, this flow is adjusted so that the rate of heat transfer from the hot water source to the loop exactly balances the rate of heat loss from the loop's piping.

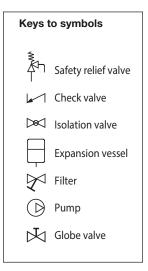
The figure (below) shows a "bypass valve" (1), and "return valve" (2), which regulate how much warm water from the return side of the recirculating loop flows back to the storage tank. When there is no demand for hot water at the fixtures, the flow of return water to the tank will equal the rate of hot water flow from the tank to the inlet port of the mixing valve. Ideally, this flow should be adjusted so that the rate of heat transfer from the tank to the recirculating loop exactly balances the rate of heat loss from the recirculating loop. This allows the water temperature leaving the mixing valve to remain stable.

The bypass valve (1) and possibly the return valve (2) must be adjusted when there is no domestic water draw on the recirculating loop (when all the fixtures are off). Begin with the bypass valve (1) fully closed, and the return valve (2) fully open. Turn on the recirculating circulator and let it run for several minutes. The supply water temperature leaving the mixing valve will likely be lower than the setting of the valve, since there is no return flow to the tank.

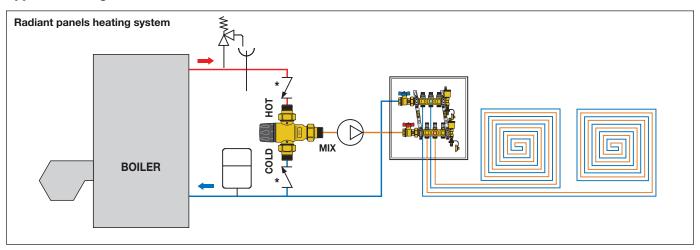
Slowly open the bypass valve (1) and monitor the temperature leaving the mixing valve. It will likely begin rising as some water returns to the tank, and an equal flow of hot water moves from the tank to the hot port of the mixing valve. When the temperature leaving the mixing valve remains stable, and is at or very close to the temperature set on the mixing valve, the bypass valve is correctly set.

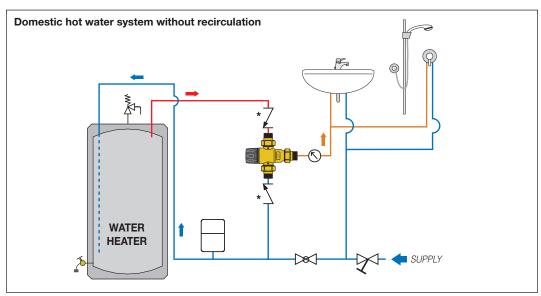
The return valve (2) can remain fully open unless a situation occurs where the bypass valve (1) is fully open, but the temperature leaving the mixing valve is still too low. If this occurs, partially close the return valve (2) to add flow resistance. This forces more flow through the bypass valve (1). Repeat the previously described procedure of slowly opening the bypass valve (1) until the water temperature leaving the mixing valve is stable.

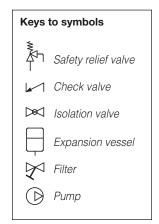




Application diagrams







*MixCal™ 521 series thermostatic mixing valves with inlet check valves, "AC" models, can be used instead of separately installed check valves.

SPECIFICATION SUMMARIES

MixCal™ 521 series

Adjustable thermostatic and pressure balanced mixing valve, ASSE 1017 approved for point of distribution domestic water systems and radiant hydronic heating systems. Threaded connections 1/2", 3/4" or 1" NPT male with union tailpieces. Low-lead brass body (<0.25% Lead content) certified by IAPMO R&T. Shutter, regulating seats and sliding surfaces in anti-scale plastic, PPO. Seals EPDM. Stainless steel spring. Maximum working temperature 200°F (93°C). Setting range 85°F to 150°F (35°C to 65°C). Maximum working pressure 200 psi (14 bar). Tolerance ±3°F (±2°C). Flow rating: Cv 3.0. Provided with tamper-proof setting lock. Provide with optional inlet port check valves. Provide with optional mixed outlet temperature gauge, 30 to 120°F scale, 2 inch diameter for 3/4" and 1" models.

MixCal™ 521 series

Adjustable thermostatic and pressure balanced mixing valve, ASSE 1017 approved for point of distribution domestic water systems and radiant hydronic heating systems. Sweat connections 1/2", 3/4" or 1" with union tailpieces. Low-lead brass body (<0.25% Lead content) certified by IAPMO R&T. Shutter, regulating seats and sliding surfaces in anti-scale plastic, PPO. Seals EPDM. Stainless steel spring. Maximum working temperature 200°F (93°C). Setting range 85°F to 150°F (35°C to 65°C). Maximum working pressure 200 psi (14 bar). Tolerance ±3°F (±2°C). Flow rating: Cv 3.0. Provided with tamper-proof setting lock. Provide with optional inlet port check valves. Provide with optional mixed outlet temperature gauge, 30 to 120°F scale, 2 inch diameter for 3/4" and 1" models.

We reserve the right to change our products and their relevant technical data, contained in this publication, at any time and without prior notice.

